

## Plan View FIB Specimen Preparation With Vacuum-Assisted *ex situ* Lift Out

Giannuzzi, L.<sup>1</sup>, Lowery, L.M.<sup>2</sup>, Lu, P.<sup>2</sup>, Kotula, P.<sup>2</sup> and Michael, J.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> ExpressLO LLC, United States, <sup>2</sup> Sandia National Laboratory, United States

Plan view focused ion beam (FIB) specimen preparation for scanning/transmission electron microscopy S/TEM is possible but rarely performed due to its complexity and time-consuming process. Plan view specimens have been FIB prepared from pre-thinned or "H-bar" samples [1,2], via *in situ* lift out methods [3,4] or via *ex situ* lift out methods [5,6]. These traditional techniques require either initial sample thinning, or multiple sample and/or grid rotations or manipulations to correctly orient the region of interest. In this abstract, we describe a novel and efficient vacuum-assisted *ex situ* lift out technique for plan view FIB specimen preparation.

We start with a 20 x 20  $\mu\text{m}$  region protected via electron beam deposited Pt followed by FIB deposited Pt. A pattern in the shape of a "U" is FIB milled in parallel mode at  $45^\circ$  each side (i.e.,  $7^\circ$  stage tilt on an FEI Helios 660/G3 UC DualBeam) using a  $180^\circ$  stage rotation to create an unsupported and free-standing wedge-shaped sample. The bulk sample is moved to an ExpressLO Nicola 800 *ex situ* lift out station equipped with an Aspirato vacuum module where a  $30^\circ$  beveled hollow probe is used for the lift out to slotted ExpressLO grids [7]. The lift out steps are shown in Figure 1. After FIB milling, conventional S/TEM or high resolution S/TEM is possible. Results of this method applied to prepare plan view specimens of Si and a ZnO:LaSrMnO<sub>3</sub> composite thin film grown epitaxially on SrTiO<sub>3</sub> substrate by pulse laser deposition will be presented.

This vacuum assisted *ex situ* lift out plan view method is fast and easy and eliminates expensive FIB time required for *in situ* lift out and complicated sample and/or grid manipulation. The slotted ExpressLO grids provide precise sample placement and stability, and allows for standard FIB processing necessary to create conventional TEM or high resolution STEM quality specimens [8].

References:

[1] R.J. Young et al., MRS Proceedings, **199** (1990) p. 205.

[2] R Anderson and S.J. Klepeis, in Introduction to Focused Ion Beams eds. F.A. Stevie and L.A. Giannuzzi, Springer, NY (2005) p. 173.

[3] A.E.M De Veiman, Mater. Sci. Eng. B, **102** (2003) p. 63.

[4] T. Kamino et al., in Introduction to Focused Ion Beams eds. F.A. Stevie and L.A. Giannuzzi, Springer, NY (2005) p. 229.

[5] F.A. Stevie et al., AIP Conference Proceedings, **449** (1998) p. 868.

[6] R.M. Langford et al., J. Vac. Sci. Technol. **19** (2001) p. 755.

[7] L.A. Giannuzzi et al., Microsc. Microanal., **21** (2015) p. 1034.

[8] Sandia National Laboratories is a multimission laboratory managed and operated by National Technology and Engineering Solutions of Sandia, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Honeywell International, Inc., for the U.S. Department of Energy's National Nuclear Security Administration under contract DE-NA0003525.

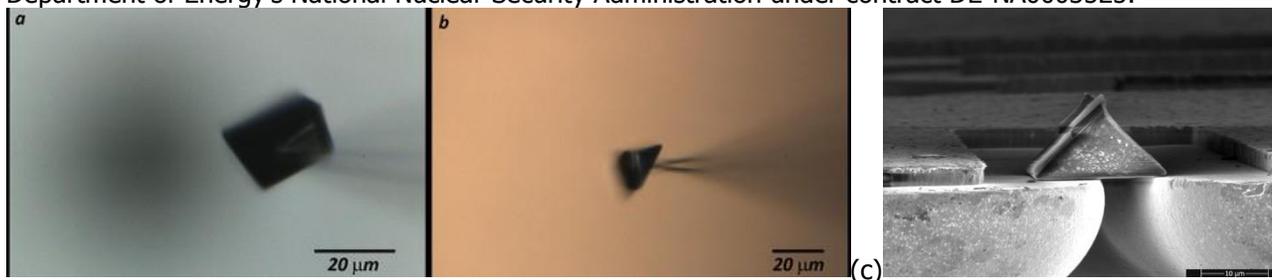


Figure 1: Vacuum-assisted *ex situ* lift out of a FIB milled (001) plan view Si specimen (a) lifted out from the bulk sample. (b) probe rotated  $180^\circ$ . (c) SEM image of plan view sample orientation prior to thinning.